



## SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION OF THE MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING.

### 1.1 Product identifier.

Product Name: HYDRO DESIGN  
Product Code: HYD-ACT01 / 302A

### 1.2 Relevant identified uses of the mixture and uses advised against.

Technical additive

#### Uses advised against:

Uses other than those recommended.

### 1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet.

Company: **SAMEX COATINGS EUROPE**  
Address: Pol. Ind. Riambau, Llevant 01  
City: 25.300 Tàrrrega  
Province: Lleida (Spain)  
Phone: +34 661.004.051  
E-mail: [samex@dgraphics.es](mailto:samex@dgraphics.es)  
Web: [www.samex.es](http://www.samex.es)

**1.4 Emergency telephone number:** 97.310.54.23 (Only available during office hours)

## SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION.

### 2.1 Classification of the mixture.

In accordance with Regulation (EU) No 1272/2008:

- Acute Tox. 4 : Harmful if inhaled.
- Aquatic Chronic 2 : Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
- Asp. Tox. 1 : May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
- Flam. Liq. 3 : Flammable liquid and vapour.
- STOT SE 3 : May cause respiratory irritation.
- STOT SE 3 : May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

### 2.2 Label elements.

#### Labelling in accordance with Regulation (EU) No 1272/2008:

Pictograms:



Signal Word:

**Danger**

H statements:

- |      |  |
|------|--|
| H226 | Flammable liquid and vapour.                     |
| H304 | May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.    |
| H332 | Harmful if inhaled.                              |
| H335 | May cause respiratory irritation.                |
| H336 | May cause drowsiness or dizziness.               |
| H411 | Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. |





**P statements:**

- P273 Avoid release to the environment.  
P280 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.  
P501 Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local regulations.  
P301+P310 IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER/doctor/...  
P304+P340 IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.  
P370+P378 In case of fire: Use foam, carbon dioxide or dry chemical for extinction.  
P303+P361+P353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower.

**EUH statements:**

- EUH066 Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

**Contains:**

2-butoxyethanol, butyl cellosolve, ethylene glycol monobutyl ether  
n-butyl acetate  
2-butoxyethyl acetate, butylglycol acetate  
Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics

**2.3 Other hazards.**

In normal use conditions and in its original form, the product itself does not involve any other risk for health and the environment.

### SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS.

**3.1 Substances.**

Not Applicable.

**3.2 Mixtures.**

Substances posing a danger to health or the environment in accordance with the Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008, assigned a Community exposure limit in the workplace, and classified as PBT/vPvB or included in the Candidate List:

Identifiers	Name	Concentrate	(*)Classification - Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008	
			Classification	specific concentration limit
CAS No: 64742-95-6 EC No: 918-668-5 Registration No: 01-2119455851-35-XXXX	Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics	25 - 50 %	Aquatic Chronic 2, H411 - Asp. Tox. 1, H304 - STOT SE 3, H335 - STOT SE 3, H336	-
Index No: 607-038-00-2 CAS No: 112-07-2 EC No: 203-933-3 Registration No: 01-2119475112-47-XXXX	[1] 2-butoxyethyl acetate, butylglycol acetate	19 - 50 %	Acute Tox. 4, H312+H332	-

(\*)The complete text of the H phrases is given in section 16 of this Safety Data Sheet.

[1] Substance with a Community workplace exposure limit (see section 8.1).





## SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES.

### 4.1 Description of first aid measures.

In case of doubt or when symptoms of feeling unwell persist, get medical attention. Never administer anything orally to persons who are unconscious.

#### **Inhalation.**

If wearing contact lenses, remove them. If breathing is irregular or stops, perform artificial respiration. Do not administer anything orally. If unconscious, place them in a suitable position and seek medical assistance.

#### **Eye contact.**

If wearing contact lenses, remove them. Wash eyes with plenty of clean and cool water for at least 10 minutes while pulling eyelids up, and seek medical assistance.

#### **Skin contact.**

Remove contaminated clothing. Wash skin vigorously with water and soap or a suitable skin cleaner. **NEVER** use solvents or thinners.

#### **Ingestion.**

If accidentally ingested, seek immediate medical attention. Keep calm. **NEVER** induce vomiting.

### 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed.

Harmful Product, prolonged exposure due to inhalation may cause anaesthetic effects and the need for immediate medical assistance.

### 4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed.

In case of doubt or when symptoms of feeling unwell persist, get medical attention. Never administer anything orally to persons who are unconscious.

## SECTION 5: FIREFIGHTING MEASURES.

Flammable product, the necessary prevention measures should be taken in order to avoid risks, In case of fire, the following measures are recommended:

### 5.1 Extinguishing media.

#### **Recommended extinguishing methods.**

Extinguisher powder or CO<sub>2</sub>. In case of more serious fires, also alcohol-resistant foam and water spray. Do not use a direct stream of water to extinguish.

### 5.2 Special hazards arising from the mixture.

#### **Special risks.**

Fire can cause thick, black smoke. As a result of thermal decomposition, dangerous products can form: carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide. Exposure to combustion or decomposition products can be harmful to your health.

### 5.3 Advice for firefighters.

Use water to cool tanks, cisterns, or containers close to the heat source or fire. Take wind direction into account. Prevent the products used to fight the fire from going into drains, sewers, or waterways.

#### **Fire protection equipment.**

According to the size of the fire, it may be necessary to use protective suits against the heat, individual breathing equipment, gloves, protective goggles or facemasks, and gloves.

## SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES.

### 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures.

Eliminate possible ignition points and ventilate the area. Avoid breathing fumes. For exposure control and individual protection measures, see section 8.





### 6.2 Environmental precautions.

Product Dangerous for the environment, in case of large spills or if the product contaminates lakes, rivers, or sewers, inform the responsible authorities according to local legislation. Prevent the contamination of drains, surface or subterranean waters, and the ground.

### 6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up.

Pick up the spill with non-combustible absorbent materials (soil, sand, vermiculite, diatomite, etc.). Pour the product and the absorbent in an appropriate container. The contaminated area should be immediately cleaned with an appropriate decontaminator. Pour the decontaminator on the remains in an opened container and let it act various days until no further reaction is produced.

### 6.4 Reference to other sections.

For exposure control and individual protection measures, see section 8.  
For later elimination of waste, follow the recommendations under section 13.

## SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE.

### 7.1 Precautions for safe handling.

The fumes are heavier than air and can spread across the ground. They can form explosive mixtures with air. Prevent the creation of flammable or explosive fume concentrations in the air; prevent fume concentrations above work exposure limits. The product must only be used in areas where all unprotected flames and other ignition points have been eliminated. Electrical equipment has to be protected according to applicable standards.

The product can be electrostatically charged: always use earth grounds when transferring the product. Operators must use anti-static footwear and clothing, and floors must be conductors.

Keep the container tightly closed and isolated from heat sources, sparks, and fire. Do not use tools that can cause sparks. For personal protection, see section 8. Never use pressure to empty the containers. They are not pressure-resistant containers.

In the application area, smoking, eating, and drinking must be prohibited.

Follow legislation on occupational health and safety.

Keep the product in containers made of a material identical to the original.

### 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities.

Store according to local legislation. Observe indications on the label. Store the containers between 5 and 35° C, in a dry and well-ventilated place, far from sources of heat and direct solar light. Keep far away from ignition points. Keep away from oxidising agents and from highly acidic or alkaline materials. Do not smoke. Prevent the entry of non-authorized persons. Once the containers are open, they must be carefully closed and placed vertically to prevent spills.

Classification and threshold amount of storage in accordance with Annex I to Directive 2012/18/EU (SEVESO III)::

Code	Description	Qualifying quantity (tonnes) for the application of	
		Lower-tier requirements	Upper-tier requirements
P5b	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS	50	200

### 7.3 Specific end use(s).

## SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION.

### 8.1 Control parameters.

Work exposure limit for:

Name	CAS No.	Country	Limit value	ppm	mg/m <sup>3</sup>
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		Kingdom [2]	<b>Short term</b>	50	332
n-butyl acetate	123-86-4	United Kingdom [2]	<b>Eight hours</b>	150	724
			<b>Short term</b>	200	966

[1] According both Binding Occupational Exposure Limits (BOELVs) and Indicative Occupational Exposure Limits (IOELVs) adopted by Scientific Committee for Occupational Exposure Limits to Chemical Agents (SCOEL).

[2] According Limit Value (IOELV) list in 2nd Indicative Occupational Exposure adopted by Health and Safety Executive. The product does NOT contain substances with Biological Limit Values.

Concentration levels DNEL/DMEL:

Name	DNEL/DMEL	Type	Value
Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics N. CAS: 64742-95-6 N. CE: 918-668-5	DNEL (Workers)	Inhalation, Long-term, Systemic effects	150 (mg/m <sup>3</sup> )
	DNEL (General population)	Inhalation, Long-term, Systemic effects	32 (mg/m <sup>3</sup> )
	DNEL (Workers)	Dermal, Long-term, Systemic effects	25 (mg/kg bw/day)
	DNEL (General population)	Dermal, Long-term, Systemic effects	11 (mg/kg bw/day)
	DNEL (General population)	Oral, Long-term, Systemic effects	11 (mg/kg bw/day)

DNEL: Derived No Effect Level, level of exposure to the substance below which adverse effects are not anticipated.

DMEL: Derived Minimal Effect Level, exposure level corresponding to a low risk, that risk should be considered a tolerable minimum.

Concentration levels PNEC:

Name	Details	Value
n-butyl acetate N. CAS: 123-86-4 N. CE: 204-658-1	aqua (freshwater)	0,18 (mg/l)
	aqua (marine water)	0,018 (mg/l)
	aqua (intermittent releases)	0,36 (mg/l)









	PNEC STP	35,6 (mg/l)
	sediment (freshwater)	0,981 (mg/kg sediment dw)
	sediment (marine water)	0,0981 (mg/kg sediment dw)

PNEC: Predicted No Effect Concentration, concentration of the substance below which adverse effects are not expected in the environmental compartment.

### 8.2 Exposure controls.

#### Measures of a technical nature:

Provide adequate ventilation, which can be achieved by using good local exhaust-ventilation and a good general exhaust system.

<b>Concentration:</b>	<b>100 %</b>		
<b>Uses:</b>	<b>Technical additive</b>		
<b>Breathing protection:</b>			
If the recommended technical measures are observed, no individual protection equipment is necessary.			
<b>Hand protection:</b>			
PPE:	Non-disposable protective gloves against chemicals.		
Characteristics:	«CE» marking, category III. Check the list of chemicals for which the glove has been tested.		
CEN standards:	EN 374-1, EN 374-2, EN 374-3, EN 420		
Maintenance:	A schedule for the periodical replacement of gloves should be established in order to guarantee their replacement before pollutants permeate them. The use of contaminated gloves could be more dangerous than not using gloves, since the pollutant can gradually accumulate in the glove's material.		
Observations:	They are to be replaced whenever tears, cracks or deformations are observed or when exterior dirt could reduce their strength.		
Material:	PVC (polyvinyl chloride)	Breakthrough time (min.):	> 480
		Material thickness (mm):	0,35
<b>Eye protection:</b>			
PPE:	Protective goggles with built-in frame.		
Characteristics:	«CE» marking, category II. Eye protector with built-in frame for protection against dust, smoke, fog and vapour.		
CEN standards:	EN 165, EN 166, EN 167, EN 168		
Maintenance:	Visibility through lenses should be ideal. Therefore, these parts should be cleaned daily. Protectors should be disinfected periodically following the manufacturer's instructions.		
Observations:	Some signs of wear and tear include: yellow colouring of the lenses, superficial scratching of the lenses, scraping etc.		
<b>Skin protection:</b>			
PPE:	Chemical protective clothing		
Characteristics:	«CE» marking, category III. Clothing should fit properly. The level of protection must be set according to a test parameter called BT (Breakthrough Time), which indicates how long it takes for the chemical to pass through the material.		
CEN standards:	EN 464, EN 340, EN 943-1, EN 943-2, EN ISO 6529, EN ISO 6530, EN 13034		
Maintenance:	In order to guarantee uniform protection, follow the washing and maintenance instructions provided by the manufacturer.		
Observations:	The protective clothing's design should facilitate correct positioning, staying in place without moving for the period of use expected, bearing in mind environmental factors as well as any movement or position the user might adopt while carrying out the activity.		
PPE:	Anti-static safety footwear against chemicals.		
Characteristics:	«CE» marking, category III. Check the list of chemicals against which the footwear is resistant.		
CEN standards:	EN ISO 13287, EN 13832-1, EN 13832-2, EN 13832-3, EN ISO 20344, EN ISO 20345		
Maintenance:	For correct maintenance of this kind of safety footwear, it is necessary to observe the instructions specified by the manufacturer. The footwear should be replaced as soon as any sign of damage is observed.		
Observations:	The footwear should be cleaned regularly and dried when damp, although it should not be placed too close to a source of heat in order to avoid any sharp changes in temperature.		





## SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES.

### 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties.

Appearance: Clear liquid  
Colour: Incolore  
Odour: N.A./N.A.  
Odour threshold: N.A./N.A.  
pH: N.A./N.A.  
Melting point: N.A./N.A.  
Boiling Point: 212 °C  
Flash point: 53 °C  
Evaporation rate: N.A./N.A.  
Inflammability (solid, gas): N.A./N.A.  
Lower Explosive Limit: N.A./N.A.  
Upper Explosive Limit: N.A./N.A.  
Vapour pressure: 1,92  
Vapour density: N.A./N.A.  
Relative density: 0.9 g/cm<sup>3</sup>  
Solubility: N.A./N.A.  
Liposolubility: N.A./N.A.  
Hydrosolubility: N.A./N.A.  
Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water): N.A./N.A.  
Auto-ignition temperature: N.A./N.A.  
Decomposition temperature: N.A./N.A.  
Viscosity: N.A./N.A.  
Explosive properties: N.A./N.A.  
Oxidizing properties: N.A./N.A.

N.A./N.A. = Not Available/Not Applicable due to the nature of the product

### 9.2. Other information.

VOC content (p/p): 90 %  
VOC content: **810** g/l

## SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY.

### 10.1 Reactivity.

If the storage conditions are satisfied, does not produce dangerous reactions.

### 10.2 Chemical stability.

Stable under the recommended handling and storage conditions (see section 7).

### 10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions.

Flammable liquid and vapour.

### 10.4 Conditions to avoid.

Avoid the following conditions:

- High temperature.
- Static discharge.
- Contact with incompatible materials.
- Avoid temperatures near or above the flash point. Do not heat closed containers. Avoid direct sunlight and heat, as these may cause a risk of fire.

### 10.5 Incompatible materials.

Avoid the following materials:

- Explosives materials.





- Toxic materials.
- Oxidizing materials.

## 10.6 Hazardous decomposition products.

In case of fire, dangerous decomposition products can be generated, such as carbon monoxide and dioxide and nitrogen fumes and oxides.

## SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION.

**IRRITANT PREPARATION.** The inhalation of spray mist or suspended particulates can irritate the respiratory tract. It can also cause serious respiratory difficulties, central nervous system disorders, and in extreme cases, unconsciousness.

**2-butoxyethanol and its acetate are easily absorbed** by the skin and can cause noxious effects to the kidneys.

### 11.1 Information on toxicological effects.

Repeated or prolonged contact with the product can cause the elimination of oil from the skin, giving rise to non-allergic contact dermatitis and absorption of the product through the skin.  
Splatters in the eyes can cause irritation and reversible damage.

a) acute toxicity;

Product classified:

Acute toxicity (Inhalation), Category 4: Harmful if inhaled.

Acute Toxicity Estimate (ATE):

:

ATE (Dermal) = 3793 mg/kg

ATE (Inhalation) = 15517 mg/l/4 h (Gases)

ATE (Oral) = 16667 mg/kg

b) skin corrosion/irritation;

Not conclusive data for classification.

c) serious eye damage/irritation;

Not conclusive data for classification.

d) respiratory or skin sensitisation;

Not conclusive data for classification.

e) germ cell mutagenicity;

Not conclusive data for classification.

f) carcinogenicity;

Not conclusive data for classification.

g) reproductive toxicity;

Not conclusive data for classification.

h) STOT-single exposure;

Product classified:

Specific target organ toxicity following a single exposure, Category 3:

i) STOT-repeated exposure;

Not conclusive data for classification.

j) aspiration hazard;

Product classified:

Aspiration toxicity, Category 1: May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.







**SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION.**

**12.1 Toxicity.**

No information is available regarding the ecotoxicity of the substances present.

**12.2 Persistence and degradability.**

No information is available about persistence and degradability of the product.

**12.3 Bioaccumulative potential.**

**Information about the bioaccumulation of the substances present.**

Name	Bioaccumulation			
	Log Pow	BCF	NOECs	Level
n-butyl acetate N. CAS: 123-86-4	1,78	-	-	Very low

**12.4 Mobility in soil.**

No information is available about the mobility in soil.  
The product must not be allowed to go into sewers or waterways.  
Prevent penetration into the ground.

**12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment.**

No information is available about the results of PBT and vPvB assessment of the product.

**12.6 Other adverse effects.**

No information is available about other adverse effects for the environment.

**SECTION 13 DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS.**

**13.1 Waste treatment methods.**

Do not dump into sewers or waterways. Waste and empty containers must be handled and eliminated according to current, local/national legislation.  
Follow the provisions of Directive 2008/98/EC regarding waste management.

**SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION.**

Transport following ADR rules for road transport, RID rules for railway, ADN for inner waterways, IMDG for sea, and ICAO/IATA for air transport.

**Land:** Transport by road: ADR, Transport by rail: RID.

Transport documentation: Consignment note and written instructions

**Sea:** Transport by ship: IMDG.

Transport documentation: Bill of lading

**Air:** Transport by plane: ICAO/IATA.

Transport document: Airway bill.





#### 14.1 UN number.

UN No: UN1268

#### 14.2 UN proper shipping name.

Description: UN 1268, PETROLEUM DISTILLATES, N.O.S. (CONTAINS HYDROCARBONS, C9, AROMATICS / N-BUTYL ACETATE), 3, PG III, (D/E)

#### 14.3 Transport hazard class(es).

Class(es): 3

#### 14.4 Packing group.

Packing group: III

#### 14.5 Environmental hazards.

Marine pollutant: Yes



Dangerous for the environment

#### 14.6 Special precautions for user.

Labels: 3



Hazard number: 30

ADR LQ: 5 L

Provisions concerning carriage in bulk ADR: Not authorized carriage in bulk in accordance with ADR.

Transport by ship, FEm – Emergency sheets (F – Fire, S - Spills): F-E,S-E

Proceed in accordance with point 6.

#### 14.7 Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code.

The product is not transported in bulk.

### SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION.

#### 15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the mixture.

The product is not affected by the Regulation (EC) No 1005/2009 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 16 September 2009 on substances that deplete the ozone layer.

See annex I of the Directive 96/82/EC of 9 December 1996 on the control of major-accident hazards involving dangerous substances.

Product classification according to Annex I of Directive 2012/18/EU (SEVESO III): P5b

The product is not affected by Regulation (EU) No 528/2012 concerning the making available on the market and use of biocidal products.

The product is not affected by the procedure established Regulation (EU) No 649/2012, concerning the export and import of dangerous chemicals.

#### 15.2 Chemical safety assessment.

There has been no evaluation a chemical safety assessment of the product.





## SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION.

Complete text of the H phrases that appear in section 3:

H226	Flammable liquid and vapour.
H302	Harmful if swallowed.
H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
H312	Harmful in contact with skin.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H332	Harmful if inhaled.
H335	May cause respiratory irritation.
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
H411	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Classification codes:

Acute Tox. 4 [Dermal] : Acute toxicity (Dermal), Category 4  
Acute Tox. 4 [Inhalation] : Acute toxicity (Inhalation), Category 4  
Acute Tox. 4 [Oral] : Acute toxicity (Oral), Category 4  
Aquatic Chronic 2 : Chronic effect to the aquatic environment, Category 2  
Asp. Tox. 1 : Aspiration toxicity, Category 1  
Eye Irrit. 2 : Eye irritation, Category 2  
Flam. Liq. 3 : Flammable liquid, Category 3  
STOT SE 3 : Specific target organ toxicity following a single exposure, Category 3  
Skin Irrit. 2 : Skin irritant, Category 2

Sections changed compared with the previous version:

1,2,3,4,8,9,11,16

It is advisable to carry out basic training with regard to health and safety at work in order to handle this product correctly.

### **Labelling in accordance with Directive 1999/45/EC:**

Symbols:



R Phrases:

R10	Flammable.
R37	Irritating to respiratory system.
R65	Harmful: may cause lung damage if swallowed.
R66	Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.
R20/21	Harmful by inhalation and in contact with skin.
R51/53	Toxic to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment.

S Phrases:

S43	In case of fire, use ... (indicate in the space the precise type of fire-fighting equipment. If water increases risk, add «Never use water»).
S57	Use appropriate container to avoid environmental contamination.
S59	Refer to manufacturer/supplier for information on recovery/recycling.
S60	This material and its container must be disposed of as hazardous waste.
S61	Avoid release to the environment. Refer to special instructions/safety data sheets.
S62	If swallowed, do not induce vomiting: seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label.





S36/37                      Wear suitable protective clothing and gloves.

**Contains:**

2-butoxyethyl acetate, butylglycol acetate  
Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics

**Abbreviations and acronyms used:**

ADR:        European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road.

BCF:        Bioconcentration factor.

CEN:        European Committee for Standardization.

DMEL:     Derived Minimal Effect Level, exposure level corresponding to a low risk, that risk should be considered a tolerable minimum.

DNEL:     Derived No Effect Level, level of exposure to the substance below which adverse effects are not anticipated.

EC50:     Half maximal effective concentration.

PPE:        Personal protection equipment.

IATA:      International Air Transport Association.

IMDG:     International Maritime Code for Dangerous Goods.

LC50:     Lethal concentration, 50%.

LD50:     Lethal dose, 50%.

Log Pow:  Logarithm of the partition octanol-water.

NOEC:     No observed effect concentration.

PNEC:     Predicted No Effect Concentration, concentration of the substance below which adverse effects are not expected in the environmental compartment.

RID:        Regulations Concerning the International Transport of Dangerous Goods by Rail.

**Key literature references and sources for data:**

<http://eur-lex.europa.eu/homepage.html>

<http://echa.europa.eu/>

Regulation (EU) No 453/2010.

Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006.

Regulation (EU) No 1272/2008.

The information given in this Safety Data Sheet has been drafted in accordance with COMMISSION REGULATION (EU) No 453/2010 of 20 May 2010 amending Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 OF THE EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT AND OF THE COUNCIL of 18 December 2006 concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals (REACH), establishing a European Chemicals Agency, amending Directive 1999/45/EC and repealing Council Regulation (EEC) No 793/93 and Commission Regulation (EC) No 1488/94 as well as Council Directive 76/769/EEC and Commission Directives 91/155/EEC, 93/67/EEC, 93/105/EC and 2000/21/EC.

The information in this Safety Data Sheet on the Preparation is based on current knowledge and on current EC and national laws, as far as the working conditions of the users is beyond our knowledge and control. The product must not be used for purposes other than those that are specified without first having written instructions on how to handle. It is always the responsibility of the user to take the appropriate measures in order to comply with the requirements established by current legislation. The information contained in this Safety Sheet only states a description of the safety requirements for the preparation, and it must not be considered as a guarantee of its properties.

